General Description

SY7088 is a high efficiency synchronous boost regulator that converts up to 5.5V output voltage. It adopts NMOS for the main switch and PMOS for the synchronous switch. It can disconnect the output from input during the shutdown mode.

Ordering Information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ordering Number</th>
<th>Package type</th>
<th>Note</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SY7088DGC</td>
<td>DFN2x3-8</td>
<td>----</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Features

- 2.3-5.0V input voltage range
- Adjustable output voltage from 2.5V to 5.5V
- Pseudo-constant frequency: 1MHz
- 3A peak current limit
- Input under voltage lockout
- Load disconnect during shutdown
- Output over voltage protection
- Low $R_{DS(ON)}$ (main switch/synchronous switch) at 5.0V output: 70/100mohm
- Compact package: DFN2x3-8

Applications

- All Single Cell Li or Dual Cell Battery Operated Products as MP-3 Player, PDAs, and Other Portable Equipment.

Typical Applications

![Figure 1. Schematic Diagram](image1)

![Figure 2. Efficiency Figure](image2)
Pinout (top view)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>DFN2x3-8</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LX</td>
<td>1, 2</td>
<td>Inductor node. Connect an inductor between IN pin and LX pin.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EN</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Enable pin. Internal integrated with 1Mohm pull down resistor.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SGND</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>Signal ground pin.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FB</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>Feedback pin. Connect a resistor $R_{HF}$ between OUT and FB, and a resistor $R_{LF}$ between FB and GND to program the output voltage. $V_{OUT}=1.2V*(R_{HF}/R_{LF}+1)$.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IN</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>Signal input pin. Decouple this pin to GND pin with at least 1.0uF ceramic cap for noise immunity consideration.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OUT</td>
<td>7, 8</td>
<td>Power output pin. Decouple this pin to GND pin with at least 10uF ceramic cap.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PGND</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>Power ground pin.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

- EN: $V_{OUT}+0.3V$
- Other Pins: -6V
- Power Dissipation, $P_D$ @ $T_A=25°C$ DFN2x3-8: TBD
- Package Thermal Resistance (Note 2)
  - $\theta_{JA}$: TBD
  - $\theta_{JC}$: TBD
- Junction Temperature Range: 150°C
- Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec.): 260°C
- Storage Temperature Range: -65°C to 150°C

Recommended Operating Conditions (Note 3)

- IN: 2.3V to 5.25V
- OUT: 2.5V to 5.5V
- EN, FB: 0V to $V_{OUT}+0.3V$
- Junction Temperature Range: -40°C to 125°C
- Ambient Temperature Range: -40°C to 85°C
### Electrical Characteristics

(V_{IN}=2.4V, V_{OUT}=5V, I_{OUT}=500mA, T_A=25°C unless otherwise specified)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Symbol</th>
<th>Test Conditions</th>
<th>Min</th>
<th>Typ</th>
<th>Max</th>
<th>Unit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Input Voltage</td>
<td>V_{IN}</td>
<td>2.3</td>
<td></td>
<td>5.25</td>
<td></td>
<td>V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Output Voltage Range</td>
<td>V_{OUT}</td>
<td>2.5</td>
<td>5.5</td>
<td></td>
<td>V</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quiescent Current</td>
<td>I_Q</td>
<td>Io=0A, V_{EN}=V_{IN}=2.3V, V_{OUT}=5.0V</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>µA</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>V_{OUT}=30</td>
<td></td>
<td>µA</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shutdown Current</td>
<td>I_{SHDN}</td>
<td>V_{EN}=0V, V_{IN}=2.4V</td>
<td>0.1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>µA</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Linear charge current</td>
<td>I_{CHARGE}</td>
<td>V_{OUT}&lt;1V, IV_{OUT}&lt;V_{IN}-0.2V</td>
<td>1.2</td>
<td></td>
<td>A</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Soft-start time</td>
<td>T_{SS}</td>
<td>0.5</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>ms</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Input Vin UVLO threshold</td>
<td>V_{UVLO}</td>
<td>2.3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>V</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vin UVLO hysteresis</td>
<td>V_{hys}</td>
<td>0.1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>V</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EN Rising Threshold</td>
<td>V_{ENH}</td>
<td>1.2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>V</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EN Falling Threshold</td>
<td>V_{ENL}</td>
<td>0.4</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>V</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Low Side Main FET R_{DS(on)}</td>
<td>V_{OUT}=5.0V</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>mΩ</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Synchronous FET R_{DS(on)}</td>
<td>V_{OUT}=5.0V</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>mΩ</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Main FET Current Limit</td>
<td>I_{LM}</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>A</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Feedback Reference Voltage</td>
<td>V_{REF}</td>
<td>1.182</td>
<td>1.2</td>
<td>1.218</td>
<td>V</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minimum on time</td>
<td>t_{ON MIN}</td>
<td>100</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>ns</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max on time</td>
<td>t_{ON MAX}</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>µs</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OUT pin OVP protection</td>
<td>V_{OVP}</td>
<td>6</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>V</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OUT pin OVP hysteresis</td>
<td>V_{OVP HYS}</td>
<td>0.2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>V</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thermal Shutdown Temperature</td>
<td>T_{SD}</td>
<td>150</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>°C</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thermal Shutdown hysteresis</td>
<td>T_{HYS}</td>
<td>20</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>°C</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note 1:** Stresses beyond the “Absolute Maximum Ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only. Functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions may affect device reliability.

**Note 2:** θ_JA is measured in the natural convection at T_A = 25°C on a two-layer Silergy Evaluation Board.

**Note 3:** The device is not guaranteed to function outside its operating conditions.
Typical Performance Characteristics

Efficiency vs. Load Current

Load Transient

Startup from Enable

Shutdown from Enable

Output Ripple

Short Circuit Protection

Load Current (A)

Efficiency (%)
Applications Information

Because of the high integration for SY7088, only input capacitor $C_{IN}$, output capacitor $C_{OUT}$, inductor $L$ and feedback resistors ($R_1$ and $R_2$) need to be selected for the targeted applications specifications.

**Feedback resistor dividers $R_1$ and $R_2$:**

Choose $R_1$ and $R_2$ to program the proper output voltage. To minimize the power consumption under light loads, it is desirable to choose large resistance values for both $R_1$ and $R_2$. A value of between 10kΩ and 1MΩ is recommended for both resistors. If $V_{OUT}$ is 5.0V, $R_1=470kΩ$ is chosen, using following equation, then $R_2$ can be calculated to be 148.4kΩ:

$$R_2 = \frac{1.2V}{V_{OUT} - 1.2V} R_1$$

**Input capacitor $C_{IN}$:**

The ripple current through input capacitor is calculated as:

$$I_{CIN,RMS} = \frac{V_{IN} \cdot (V_{OUT} - V_{IN})}{2 \sqrt{3} \cdot L \cdot F_{SW} \cdot V_{OUT}}$$

To minimize the potential noise problem, place a typical X5R or better grade ceramic capacitor really close to the IN and GND pins. Care should be taken to minimize the loop area formed by $C_{IN}$ and IN/GND pins. In this case, a 22uF low ESR ceramic capacitor is recommended.

**Output capacitor $C_{OUT}$:**

The output capacitor is selected to handle the output ripple noise requirements. Both steady state ripple and transient requirements must be taken into consideration when selecting this capacitor. For the best performance, it is recommended to use X5R or better grade ceramic capacitor with 10V rating and greater than 22uF capacitance.

**Output inductor $L$:**

There are several considerations in choosing this inductor.

1) Choose the inductance to provide the desired ripple current. It is suggested to choose the ripple current to be about 40% of the maximum output current. The inductance is calculated as:

$$L = \left( \frac{V_{IN}}{V_{OUT}} \right)^2 \cdot \frac{(V_{OUT} - V_{IN})}{F_{SW} \cdot I_{OUT,MAX} \cdot 40\%}$$

where $F_{SW}$ is the switching frequency and $I_{OUT,MAX}$ is the maximum load current.

The SY7088 regulator IC is quite tolerant of different ripple current amplitude. Consequently, the final choice of inductance can be slightly off the calculation value without significantly impacting the performance.

2) The saturation current rating of the inductor must be selected to be greater than the peak inductor current under full load conditions.

$$I_{SAT,MIN} > \left( \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{IN}} \right) \cdot I_{OUT,MAX} + \frac{V_{IN} \cdot (V_{OUT} - V_{IN})}{V_{OUT} \cdot 2 \cdot F_{SW} \cdot L}$$

3) The DCR of the inductor and the core loss at the switching frequency must be low enough to achieve the desired efficiency requirement. It is desirable to choose an inductor with DCR<50mohm to achieve a good overall efficiency.

**Enable Operation**

Pulling the EN pin low (<0.4V) will shut down the device. During shutdown mode, the SY7088 shutdown current drops to lower than 1uA, Driving the EN pin high (> 1.2V) will turn on the IC again.

**Layout Design:**

To achieve a higher efficiency and better noise immunity, following components should be placed close to the IC: $C_{SIN}$, $C_{OUT}$, $L$, $R_H$ and $R_L$.

1) It is desirable to maximize the PCB copper area connecting to GND pin to achieve the best thermal and noise performance. If the board space allowed, a ground plane is highly desirable. PGND and SGND pins are recommended to connect to exposed paddle directly. Reasonable via holes are recommended to be placed under the exposed paddle for the better performance consideration.
2) For boost converter, the output current is discontinuous. So the loop area formed by $C_{OUT}$, OUT and PGND must be minimized.

3) The decoupling capacitor of IN to GND $C_{SIN}$ must be placed as close as possible with IN pin.

4) The PCB copper area associated with LX pin must be minimized to improve the noise immunity.

5) The components $R_{IN}$, $R_L$ and the trace connecting to the FB pin must NOT be adjacent to the LX node on the PCB layout to minimize the noise coupling to FB pin.

PCB Layout Suggestion
DFN2x3-8 Package Outline

Top View

Side View

Bottom View

Notes: All dimension in MM and exclude mold flash & metal burr

AN_SY7088 Rev.01A